

## X9 REGISTRY FOR CHECK IMAGE TESTS

CONTROLLING SPECIFICATION: ANS X9.100-40 Parts 1 & 2

**Image Test Name:** IBM Document Height  
**Image Test Number:** 016.00  
**Image Test Version:** 00  
**Image Test Status:** A

*Where:*

*A = Active (approved for use)*

*W = Withdrawn (not for use)*

*S = Superseded (not for use -  
replaced by specified test)*

1	Applicant Information	
1.1	Organization Name:	IBM Corporation
1.2	Organization Address:	8501 IBM Drive MG83/202-3 Charlotte, NC 28262
1.3	Organization Web Site URL:	<a href="http://www.ibm.com">http://www.ibm.com</a>

Approved by: X9 RMG for Check Image Tests March 30, 2007

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<b>2</b>	<b>Image Test Description</b>	
<b>2.1</b>	<b>Image Test Name:</b>	IBM Document Height
<b>2.2</b>	<b>Image Test XML Name:</b>	documentheight
<b>2.3</b>	<b>Image Test Definition:</b>	A metric used to report the height of a document and to report whether or not the document is too low or too high when compared to user defined limits.
<b>2.4</b>	<b>Image Test Applicability:</b> Check all that apply.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <i>Front Image</i> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <i>Rear Image</i> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <i>B/W Image</i> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <i>Grayscale Image</i> <input type="checkbox"/> <i>Color Image</i>
<b>2.5</b>	<b>Intended Use:</b> Intended business use/ application, business context, and business impact when test fails.	This metric will report a failure if the Image Analysis software finds that the height of the image being analyzed is outside of a user definable range.
<b>2.6</b>	<b>Possible Causes for Condition Being Tested:</b>	This test will execute whenever an image is processed. This metric will be generated for every image. Failures can occur when the image scan is truncated or piggybacked items have been scanned. A failure could also occur if the item's Dots Per Inch parameter is entered incorrectly
<b>2.7</b>	<b>Additional (or Repetitive) Information:</b>	<p>This check is performed on every image.</p> <p>An excerpt of the XML output generated by IQA for this metric is shown below:</p> <pre>&lt;documentheight&gt;   &lt;inches&gt;2.80&lt;/inches&gt;   &lt;scorelow&gt;10.0&lt;/scorelow&gt;   &lt;scorehigh&gt;10.0&lt;/scorehigh&gt; &lt;/documentheight&gt;</pre> <p>The parameters associated with this metric are used to compare the image measured height to a threshold that is generated by a user settable set of parameters. Details on the way in which this measurement is derived are provided in section 2.10.</p>

**2.8 Test Results Reported**

*A test result is the outcome realized from executing an image test. The outcome will typically be the observed or measured value of some attribute pertaining to the image being tested.*

*Any dependency of a test result on an image side (front or rear), image rendition (B/W, Gray, Color), or other condition shall be fully defined in the Additional Information section.*

*Data types allowed are as defined in ANS X9.100-180-2006, but are typically alphabetic, numeric, alphanumeric, signed numeric (using “+” and “-“ to denote sign), etc.*

**2.8.1 First Image Test Result**

**Test Result Name: Document Height**

Test Result XML Name:	Data Type:	Data Units:	Data Range:	Margin of Error (in Data Units) (Where Applicable):
documentheight	Numeric	Hundredths of inch		Rounding error to .005 inch
<b>Description:</b>	This value provides the height of the document in units of .01 inch.			
<b>Formula and/ or Algorithm:</b>	This value is taken from the image under test.			
<b>Additional Information:</b>				

## 2.8.2 Second Image Test Result

### Test Result Name: Document Height Score Low

Test Result XML Name:	Data Type:	Data Units:	Data Range:	Margin of Error (in Data Units) (Where Applicable):
documentscorelow	Numeric	None	0 through 1000	
<b>Description:</b>	This value provides the image test score for the image. This parameter is the score of the image when it is compared to the Image Height Low threshold.			
<b>Formula and/ or Algorithm:</b>	The height of the image is processed using three user-settable values: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Image Height Low LastGood</li><li>• Image Height Low FirstBad</li><li>• Image Height Low Exponent</li></ul> These values are user-settable. This derived score is then compared to a threshold value. If the score is below the threshold, then this test parameter measurement can cause the test to fail. If the score is greater than or equal to the threshold, then the item may pass. Information on how the scoring is generated by IQA is shown in section 2.10.			
<b>Additional Information:</b>				

**2.8.3 Third Image Test Result**

**Test Result Name: Document Height Score High**

<b>Test Result XML Name:</b>	<b>Data Type:</b>	<b>Data Units:</b>	<b>Data Range:</b>	<b>Margin of Error (in Data Units) (Where Applicable):</b>
documentscorehigh	Numeric	None	0 through 1000	
<b>Description:</b>	This value provides the image test score for the image. This parameter is the score of the image when it is compared to the Image Height High threshold.			
<b>Formula and/ or Algorithm:</b>	The height of the image is processed using three user-settable values: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Image Height High LastGood</li><li>• Image Height High FirstBad</li><li>• Image Height High Exponent</li></ul> This “score” is then compared to a threshold value. If the score is below the threshold, then this test parameter measurement can cause the test to fail. If the score is greater than or equal to the threshold, then the item may pass. Information on how the scoring is generated by IQA is shown in section 2.10.			
<b>Additional Information:</b>				

<b>2.9</b>	<p><b>Test Parameters Reported</b></p> <p><i>Examples of image test parameters are threshold values used to compute a pass/fail image test flag condition, and constant values used in a formula or algorithm to compute an image test result.</i></p> <p><i>Any dependency of a test parameter on an image side (front or rear), image rendition (B/W, Gray, Color), or other condition shall be fully defined in the Additional Information section.</i></p> <p><i>Any dependency of recommended values on an image side (front or rear), image rendition (B/W, Gray, Color), or other condition shall be fully defined in the Recommended Values section.</i></p> <p><i>Data types allowed are as defined in ANS X9.100-180-2006, but are typically alphabetic, numeric, alphanumeric, signed numeric (using “+” and “-” to denote sign), etc.</i></p>
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<b>2.9.1 First Test Parameter</b>				
<b>Test Parameter Name: Test Threshold</b>				
<b>Test Parameter XML Name:</b>	<b>Data Type:</b>	<b>Data Units:</b>	<b>Data Range:</b>	<b>Recommended Value(s) (Where Applicable):</b>
	Numeric	None	0-1000	700 (default)
<b>Description:</b>	This reported parameter is the threshold used to make the pass/fail decision. This value is settable by the user. If the calculated “score” is greater than or equal to the threshold, the test passes. If the “score” is lower than the threshold, the test fails.			
<b>Additional Information:</b>	This value corresponds to the value that the user sets in the IBM IQA profile that is active for this test execution. The value may be set to any floating point value between 0 and 10.0 by the user. In reporting this parameter, the value used internally by the image quality analysis software is multiplied by 100 and converted to an integer.			

### 2.9.2 Second Test Parameter

**Test Parameter Name: Document Height Low LastGood**

Test Parameter XML Name:	Data Type:	Data Units:	Data Range:	Recommended Value(s) (Where Applicable):
	Numeric	.01 inches		259 (default)

**Description:** This is the Last Good value utilized in the evaluation of the image's height in units of .01 inch when the image height is being evaluated for being too low.

**Additional Information:** This value corresponds to the value that the user sets in the IBM IQA profile that is active for this test execution.

### 2.9.3 Third Test Parameter

**Test Parameter Name: Document Height Low FirstBad**

Test Parameter XML Name:	Data Type:	Data Units:	Data Range:	Recommended Value(s) (Where Applicable):
	Numeric	.01 inches		240 (default)

**Description:** This is the First Bad value utilized in the evaluation of the image's height in units of .01 inch when the image height is being evaluated for being too low.

**Additional Information:** This value corresponds to the value that the user sets in the IBM IQA profile that is active for this test execution.

#### 2.9.4 Fourth Test Parameter

**Test Parameter Name: Document Height Low Exponent**

Test Parameter XML Name:	Data Type:	Data Units:	Data Range:	Recommended Value(s) (Where Applicable):
	Numeric	None		100 (default)

**Description:** This is the value that controls the shape of the “line” between the **Document Height Low First Bad** and **Document Height Low Last Good** parameters. The IBM IQA product stores this value internally as a floating point number. In reporting this parameter, the value is multiplied by 10 and converted to an integer. See section 2.10 for further descriptions.

**Additional Information:** This value corresponds to the value that the user sets in the IBM IQA profile that is active for this test execution. The value may be set to any floating point value between 0 and 10.0 by the user. In reporting the value for this parameter, the value used internally is multiplied by 10 and converted to an integer.

#### 2.9.5 Fifth Test Parameter

**Test Parameter Name: Document Height High LastGood**

Test Parameter XML Name:	Data Type:	Data Units:	Data Range:	Recommended Value(s) (Where Applicable):
	Numeric	.01 inches		440 (default)

**Description:** This is the Last Good value utilized in the evaluation of the image’s height in units of .01 inch when the image height is being evaluated for being too high.

**Additional Information:** This value corresponds to the value that the user sets in the IBM IQA profile that is active for this test execution.



### 2.9.6 Sixth Test Parameter

**Test Parameter Name: Document Height High FirstBad**

Test Parameter XML Name:	Data Type:	Data Units:	Data Range:	Recommended Value(s) (Where Applicable):
	Numeric	.01 inches		459 (default)

**Description:** This is the First Bad value utilized in the evaluation of the image's height in units of .01 inch when the image height is being evaluated for being too high.

**Additional Information:** This value corresponds to the value that the user sets in the IBM IQA profile that is active for this test execution.

### 2.9.7 Seventh Test Parameter

**Test Parameter Name: Document Height High Exponent**

Test Parameter XML Name:	Data Type:	Data Units:	Data Range:	Recommended Value(s) (Where Applicable):
	Numeric	None		100 (default)

**Description:** This is the value that controls the shape of the "line" between the **Document Height High First Bad** and **Document Height High Last Good** parameters. The IBM IQA product stores this value internally as a floating point number. In reporting this parameter, the value is multiplied by 10 and converted to an integer. See section 2.10 for further descriptions.

**Additional Information:** This value corresponds to the value that the user sets in the IBM IQA profile that is active for this test execution. The value may be set to any floating point value between 0 and 10.0 by the user. In reporting the value for this parameter, the value used internally is multiplied by 100 and converted to an integer.

## 2.10 Image Test Flag Pass/Fail Criteria:

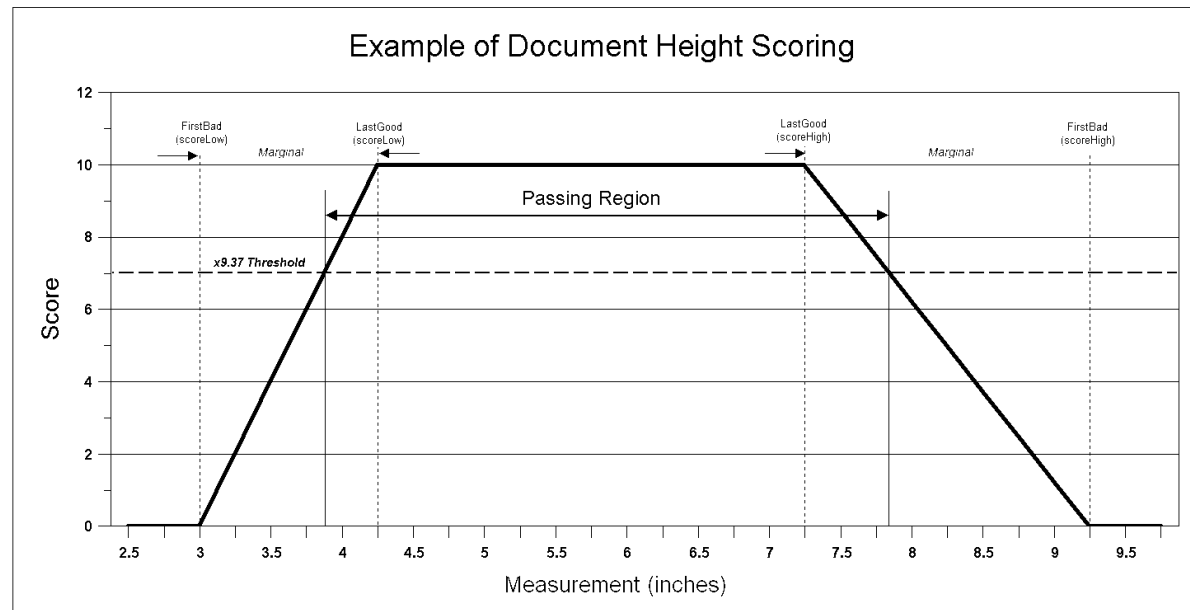
The Image Test Flag (see ANS X9.100-40-1-2006 for details) will convey one of the following four test conditions:

- Condition not tested
- Condition tested and result = fail
- Condition tested and result = pass
- Condition tested and result=indeterminate

The software will *always* report this result. There will be two possible results:

- *Condition tested and result = fail*  
This test will **fail** when the size of the image being tested is outside the range of previously determined good values. The values are variable and are settable by the user.
- *Condition tested and result = pass*  
This test will **pass** when the size of the image being tested is within the range of previously determined good values

The chart below shows the way in which the test score is derived.



In the chart above, the items that the user can set are:

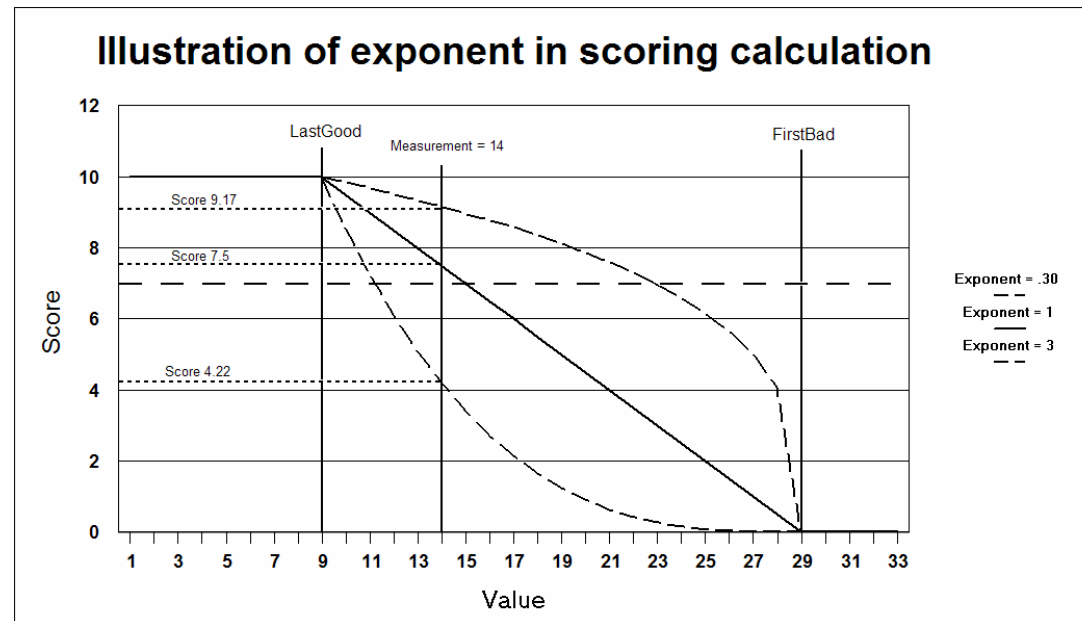
- X9.37 threshold (set to 7.0 in this example)
- FirstBad(scoreLow) (set to 3.0 in this example)
- LastGood(scoreLow) (set to 4.25 in this example)
- LastGood(scoreHigh) (set to 7.25 in this example)
- FirstBad(scoreHigh) (set to 9.25 in this example)
- The Exponent in both cases (which controls the shape of the line between the LastGood and FirstBad parameters) is set to '1'.
- Any item that has a height of between 3.85 inches and 7.80 inches will pass the test with the given parameters. The test will be scored as a "pass" whenever the image size is within the passing region.

In addition to the items shown above, the shape line between the LastGood and FirstBad elements may be set by the Exponent value.

The “Last Good” parameter is the point beyond which the judgment of the measurement results begins to decrease from a “10.0”. The “First Bad” parameter beyond which the measurement results will be a “0.0”. The “direction” from “Last Good” to “First Bad” is determined by the relative size of the two parameters. If the “LastGood” is less than “First Bad”, then the score will get worse as its measurement grows from the “LastGood” measurement point. If “FirstBad” is less than “LastGood”, then the score will get better as its measurement grows from the “FirstBad” measurement point.

The scoring of items with values that fall between the relevant “LastGood” and “FirstBad” values is performed in two steps:

- The first step generates the preliminary score, which is a linear interpolation between the LastGood and FirstBad elements. This preliminary score is normalized to a value of between 0 and 1.
- After the preliminary score is calculated, it is finalized by raising that score to the value of the Exponent and multiplied by 10 to yield the final result. This results in a curved shape of the score. An example of this scoring method is shown in the following diagram:



		<p>For this example, we have a “LastGood” value of 9 and a “FirstBad” value of 29. If the user selects an exponent value for this measurement of ‘1’, we see the linear slope between the “LastGood” point and the “FirstBad” point. If the exponent is other than 1, we see an exponential curve between the two points. For this particular example, with a measured value of 14, we score the result as 9.17 with an exponent value of .3. It scores as a 7.5 with an exponent value of 1, and it scores 4.22 with an exponent value of 3. If the score value is at or above the x9.37 Threshold value of 7, then the test is graded as a “<b>pass</b>”. If the score value is below the x9.37 Threshold, then the test is graded as a “<b>fail</b>”.</p>
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3	Restrictions & Intellectual Property	
3.1	Are there any known restrictions in the use of the submitted check image test and related technology (technical, performance, legal, business, platform, etc.)?	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> Yes - <i>please provide details:</i>
3.2	Are proprietary Intellectual Property (IP) rights in the form of Patents associated with the description and use of the submitted check image test?	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> Yes – <i>Please provide patent and/or patent application numbers and indicate who owns the IP. Also provide evidence that the patent holder agrees to comply with the X9 Procedures including the X9 patent policy:</i>
3.3	Are proprietary Intellectual Property (IP) rights in the form of proprietary material and/or other intellectual property (e.g. specific to a vendor tool, device, or product) associated with the description and use of the submitted check image test?	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> Yes – <i>Please provide evidence that the owner agrees to provide the Proprietary IP Holder Statement contained in Annex B of ANS X9.100-40-2006 Part 2:</i>

**Notice:** By accepting a check image test for registration, ASC X9 is not endorsing, certifying validity, certifying performance, nor providing any warranty for the registered check image test. The organization using the test shall determine which test(s) to use based on their own business needs, perceived benefit, and validation/assessment of any test results provided by the check image test supplier, their own testing, or a third party.